

EMMO Encoding Tags and Guide for emmo.folger.edu

The following is a list of TEI-P5 elements used in the XML of Early Modern Manuscripts Online (EMMO) transcriptions on the EMMO website: <http://emmo.folger.edu/>. Accompanying each element is the name and a brief description of that element as used in EMMO transcriptions; attributes of the elements are provided in the descriptions.

Note: this list may be updated as additional manuscript files in other genres are added and/or as further elements or attributes are required for the EMMO transcriptions.

Element	Name	Description
<abbr>	abbreviation	Contains various abbreviations, including brevigraphs, macrons, superscription, and suspension, along with corresponding expansions.
<add>	addition	Marks additions to the text, authorial and otherwise.
<c>	character	Marks a space character in the text.
<choice>	choice	Contains alternatives for a section in the text.
<closer>	closer	Contains closing information that appears outside a paragraph, for letter-like documents.
<div>	text division	Marks a logical division of the text. In letters, for example, marks the body, superscription, endorsement, marginalia, etc.
<foreign>	foreign	Marks non-English words.
<fw>	forme work	Records information such as page numbers that appear on every page.
<g>	glyph	Marks special characters such as the thorn, the archaic letter that looks like a "y" and may be updated to "th".
<gap>	gap	Marks a place where the text is unreadable, for reasons such as missing, damaged, or illegible.
<head>	heading	Marks the page or div header.
<hi>	highlighted	Marks sections of the text that are otherwise highlighted.
<label>	label	Marks labels in the text.
<lb>	line break	Marks a line break in the manuscript.

<u><measure></u>	measure	Identifies measurements and amounts in the text.
<u><metamark></u>	metamark	Marks special characters that may function as expansion, hyphenation, or insertion markers.
<u><name></u>	name, proper noun	Identifies personal names in the text.
<u><note></u>	note	Includes notes, including administrative notes written on the manuscript.
<u><opener></u>	opener	Contains opening information that appears outside a paragraph, for letter-like documents.
<u><orig></u>	original form	Offers the transcription of a word used to generate the diplomatic and semi-diplomatic readings.
<u><p></u>	paragraph	Marks paragraphs in the text.
<u><pb></u>	page break	Marks the beginning of a page or page spread.
<u><pc></u>	punctuation character	Marks a punctuation character in the text.
<u><placeName></u>	place name	Identifies place names in the text.
<u><postscript></u>	postscript	Contains additional information that appears after the closer, for letter-like documents.
<u><reg></u>	regularization	Offers the regularized spelling of a word.
<u><seg></u>	arbitrary segment	Used to mark other divisions in the text. For letter-like documents, the dateline, salute, and signed elements in our texts do not always follow the TEI model, and therefore they are marked by seg elements.
<u><supplied></u>	supplied	Identifies text supplied by the transcriber or editor for reasons such as missing, damaged, or illegible.
<u><title></u>	title	Identifies titles in the text.
<u><w></u>	word	Marks a word (or more, for compound words), giving the original and regularized versions.